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STATE OF NEW YORK -- BOARD OF PAROLE

ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL DECISION NOTICE

Name: Rodriguez, Efrain Facility: Green Haven CF NYSID: Image: Control No.: 06-029-19 B DIN: 78-C-0478 Appearances: Efrain Rodriguez 78C0478 Green Haven Correctional Facility P.O. Box 4000 Stormville, New York 12582 Decision appealed: May 2019 decision, denying discretionary release and imposing a hold of 9 months. Board Member(s) who participated: Agostini, Crangle, Smith Papers considered: Appellant's Brief received June 18, 2019 Appeals Unit Review: Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and Recommendation Records relied upon: Pre-Sentence Investigation Report, Parole Board Report, Interview Transcript, Parole Board Release Decision Notice (Form 9026), COMPAS instrument, Offender Case Plan. Final-Determination: The undersigned determine that the decision appealed is hereby: May Commissioner Affirmed Vacated, remanded for de novo interview Modified to Commissioner Affirmed Vacated, remanded for de novo interview Modified to						
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Board Member(s) who participated: Agostini, Crangle, Smith Papers considered: Appellant's Brief received June 18, 2019 Appellant's Supplemental Brief received July 9, 2019 Appeals Unit Review: Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and Recommendation Records relied upon: Pre-Sentence Investigation Report, Parole Board Report, Interview Transcript, Parole Board Release Decision Notice (Form 9026), COMPAS instrument, Offender Case Plan. Final-Determination: The undersigned determine that the decision appealed is hereby:	Appearan	ICES:	Green Haven Correct P.O. Box 4000	tional Facility		
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Commissioner AffirmedVacated, remanded for de novo interviewModified to Commissioner AffirmedVacated, remanded for de novo interviewModified to Commissioner AffirmedVacated, remanded for de novo interviewModified to	Records 1	relied upon:	Board Release Decis		-	-
Affirmed Vacated, remanded for de novo interview Modified to Commissioner Affirmed Vacated, remanded for de novo interview Modified to	- lock	- C-	- /			ied to
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	Com	missioner	Affirmed Va	cated, remanded f	or de novo interview Modif	ied to

If the Final Determination is at variance with Findings and Recommendation of Appeals Unit, written reasons for the Parole Board's determination <u>must</u> be annexed hereto.

This Final Determination, the related Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and the separate findings of the Parole Board, if any, were mailed to the Inmate and the Inmate's Counsel, if any, on 11/14/14.

Distribution: Appeals Unit – Appellant - Appellant's Counsel - Inst. Parole File - Central File P-2002(B) (11/2018)

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION

Name:	Rodriguez, Efrain	DIN:	78-C-0478
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Findings: (Page 1 of 5)

Appellant challenges the May 2019 determination of the Board, denying release and imposing a 9-month hold. Appellant's instant offense involved him, while a fugitive from Puerto Rico, firing a gun at two police officers, which killed one of them. Appellant raises the following issues: 1) the decision is arbitrary and capricious, and irrational bordering on impropriety, in that the Board failed to consider and/or properly weigh the required statutory factors. 2) the decision illegally resentenced him, and usurped the authority of the courts and the legislature. 3) the decision lacked detail. 4) the decision failed to list any facts in support of the cited statutory standard. 5) the decision is the same as prior decisions. 6) the decision was predetermined. 7) no aggravating factors exist. 8) the Commissioners Worksheet wasn't signed by all three Commissioners. 9) the COMPAS had an error on it.

Discretionary release to parole is not to be granted "merely as a reward for good conduct or efficient performance of duties while confined but after considering if there is a reasonable probability that, if such inmate is released, he will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, and that his release is not incompatible with the welfare of society and will not so deprecate the seriousness of his crime as to undermine respect for the law." Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) (emphasis added); accord Matter of Hamilton v. New York State Div. of Parole, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) requires the Board to consider criteria which is relevant to the specific inmate, including, but not limited to, the inmate's institutional record and criminal behavior. People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1st Dept. 1983). While consideration of these factors is mandatory, "the ultimate decision to parole a prisoner is discretionary." Matter of Silmon v. Travis, 95 N.Y.2d 470, 477, 718 N.Y.S.2d 704, 708 (2000). Thus, it is well settled that the weight to be accorded the requisite factors is solely within the Board's discretion. See, e.g., Matter of Delacruz v. Annucci, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4th Dept. 2014); Matter of Hamilton, 119 A.D.3d at 1271, 990 N.Y.S.2d at 717; Matter of Garcia v. New York State Div. of Parole, 239 A.D.2d 235, 239, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415, 418 (1st Dept. 1997). The Board need not explicitly refer to each factor in its decision, nor give them equal weight. Matter of Betancourt v. Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); Matter of LeGeros v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 139 A.D.3d 1068, 30 N.Y.S.3d 834 (2d Dept. 2016); Matter of Phillips v. Dennison, 41 A.D.3d 17, 21, 834 N.Y.S.2d 121, 124 (1st Dept. 2007).

Although the Board placed particular emphasis on the nature of the crime, the Board considered other factors and was not required to give equal weight to or discuss each factor considered. <u>Matter of Gordon v. Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1502, 50 N.Y.S.3d 627 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Matter of Arena v.</u> <u>New York State Dep't of Corr. & Cmty. Supervision</u>, 156 A.D.3d 1101, 65 N.Y.S.3d 471 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Matter of Peralta v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 157 A.D.3d 1151, 69 N.Y.S.3d 885 (3d Dept. 2018).

STATE OF NEW YORK – BOARD OF PAROLE

APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION

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The Board placing particular emphasis on the callous nature of the offense does not demonstrate irrationality bordering on impropriety. <u>Olmosperez v Evans</u>, 114 A.D.3d 1077, 980 N.Y.S.2d 845 (3d Dept. 2014); <u>Garcia v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 239 A.D.2d 235, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415 (1st Dept. 1997).

The Board may consider the inmate's prior fleeing the area after the commission of his crime. Larmon v Travis, 14 A.D.3d 960, 787 N.Y.S.2d 918 (3d Dept 2005).

The risk in the crime of hurting innocent bystanders may also be considered. <u>Saunders v Travis</u>, 238 A.D.2d 688, 656 N.Y.S.2d 404, 405 (3d Dept 1997), <u>leave to appeal denied</u> 90 N.Y.2d 805, 661 N.Y.S.2d 831 (1997).

The Board may consider a district attorney's recommendation to deny parole. <u>Matter of Applegate v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 164 A.D.3d 996, 997, 82 N.Y.S.3d 240 (3d Dept. 2018); <u>Matter of Porter v. Alexander</u>, 63 A.D.3d 945, 881 N.Y.S.2d 157 (2d Dept. 2009); <u>Matter of Walker v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 218 A.D.2d 801, 676 N.Y.S.2d 52 (1st Dept. 1998); <u>Matter of Walker v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 220 A.D.2d 753, 633 N.Y.S.2d 182 (2d Dept. 1995); <u>Matter of Confoy v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 173 A.D.2d 1014, 569 N.Y.S.2d 846, 847 (3d Dept. 1991); <u>Matter of Lynch v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 82 A.D.2d 1012, 442 N.Y.S.2d 179 (3d Dept. 1981).

The Board may consider negative aspects of the COMPAS instrument. <u>Matter of Espinal v. New</u> <u>York Bd. of Parole</u>, 2019 NY Slip Op 04080, 2019 N.Y. App. Div. LEXIS 4057 (3d Dept. May 23, 2019) (COMPAS instrument yielded mixed results); <u>Matter of Bush v. Annucci</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1392, 50 N.Y.S.3d 180 (3d Dept. 2017) (COMPAS instrument with mixed results including substance abuse relevant given use before crime); <u>Matter of Wade v. Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1487, 52 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2017) (low risk felony violence but probable risk for substance abuse alcohol related crimes); <u>Matter of Crawford v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 144 A.D.3d 1308, 46 N.Y.S.3d 228 (3d Dept. 2016) (scores not uniformly low including family support), <u>lv. denied</u>, 29 N.Y.3d 901, 57 N.Y.S.3d 704 (2017).

There is a presumption of honesty and integrity that attaches to Judges and administrative factfinders. <u>See People ex rel. Carlo v. Bednosky</u>, 294 A.D.2d 382, 383, 741 N.Y.S.2d 703 (2d Dept. 2002); <u>People ex. rel. Johnson v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 180 A.D.2d 914, 916, 580 N.Y.S.2d 957, 959 (3d Dept. 1992). The Board is presumed to follow its statutory commands and internal policies in fulfilling its obligations. <u>See Garner v. Jones</u>, 529 U.S. 244, 256, 120 S. Ct. 1362, 1371 (2000). There is no evidence the Board's decision was predetermined based upon the instant offense. <u>Matter of Gonzalvo v. Stanford</u>, 153 A.D.3d 1021, 56 N.Y.S.3d 896 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Matter of Hakim-Zaki v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 29 A.D.3d 1190, 814 N.Y.S.2d 414 (3d Dept. 2006); Matter of Guerin v. New York State Div. of Parole, 276 A.D.2d 899, 695 N.Y.S.2d 622 (3d Dept.

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION

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2000). Nor was any penal philosophy discussed. Appellant has failed to overcome the presumption that the Board complied with its duty. <u>See Matter of Davis v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 114 A.D.2d 412, 494 N.Y.S.2d 136 (2d Dept. 1985).

That the Board "did not recite the precise statutory language of Executive Law § 259-i (2)(c)(A) in support of its conclusion to deny parole does not undermine its conclusion." <u>Matter of Mullins v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 1142, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016) (citation omitted); <u>accord Matter of Reed v. Evans</u>, 94 A.D.3d 1323, 942 N.Y.S.2d 387 (3d Dept. 2012). The language used by the Board was "only semantically different" from the statute. <u>Matter of Miller v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 72 A.D.3d 690, 691–92, 897 N.Y.S.2d 726, 727 (2d Dept. 2010); <u>Matter of James v. Chairman of New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 19 A.D.3d 857, 858, 796 N.Y.S.2d 735, 736 (3d Dept. 2005); <u>see also People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1st Dept. 1983) (upholding decision that denied release as "contrary to the best interest of the community"); <u>Matter of Murray v. Evans</u>, 83 A.D.3d 1320, 920 N.Y.S.2d 745 (3d Dept. 2011) (Board provided adequate statutory rationale).

The Board's decision satisfied the criteria set out in Executive Law § 259-i(2)(a), as it was sufficiently detailed to inform the inmate of the reasons for the denial of parole. <u>Matter of Applegate v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 164 A.D.3d 996, 997, 82 N.Y.S.3d 240 (3d Dept. 2018); <u>Matter of Kozlowski v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 108 A.D.3d 435, 968 N.Y.S.2d 87 (1st Dept. 2013); <u>Matter of Little v. Travis</u>, 15 A.D.3d 698, 788 N.Y.S.2d 628 (3d Dept. 2005); <u>Matter of Davis v. Travis</u>, 292 A.D.2d 742, 739 N.Y.S.2d 300 (3d Dept. 2002); <u>People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1st Dept. 1983).

Appellant's assertion that the denial of parole release amounted to an improper resentencing is without merit inasmuch as the Board fulfilled its obligation to determine the propriety of release per Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) and after considering the factors set forth therein. Executive Law § 259 et seq.; Penal Law § 70.40; <u>Matter of Murray v. Evans</u>, 83 A.D.3d 1320, 920 N.Y.S.2d 745 (3d Dept. 2011); <u>Matter of Crews v. New York State Exec. Dept. Bd. of Parole Appeals Unit</u>, 281 A.D.2d 672, 720 N.Y.S.2d 855 (3d Dept. 2001). The Board was vested with discretion to determine whether release was appropriate notwithstanding the minimum period of incarceration set by the Court. <u>Matter of Burress v. Dennison</u>, 37 A.D.3d 930, 829 N.Y.S.2d 283 (3d Dept. 2007); <u>Matter of Cody v. Dennison</u>, 33 A.D.3d 1141, 1142, 822 N.Y.S.2d 677 (3d Dept. 2006), <u>lv. denied</u>, 8 N.Y.3d 802, 830 N.Y.S.2d 698 (2007). The appellant has not in any manner been resentenced. <u>Matter of Mullins v. New York State Bd. of Parole</u>, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 1142, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016).

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APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION

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There is no merit to Appellant's separation of powers claim. <u>Whalen v. United States</u>, 445 U.S. 684, 689 n.4, 100 S. Ct. 1432, 1436 (1980); <u>Matter of Connelly v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 286 A.D.2d 792, 729 N.Y.S.2d 808, 809 (3d Dept. 2001), <u>appeal dismissed</u> 97 N.Y.2d 677, 738 N.Y.S.2d 291 (2001); <u>cf. Tarter v. State</u>, 68 N.Y.2d 511, 510 N.Y.S.2d 528, 531 (1986).

The Board may place greater weight on the nature of the crime without the existence of any aggravating factors. <u>Matter of Hamilton v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014).

As for an alleged similarity to prior Board decisions, since the Board is required to consider the same statutory factors each time an inmate appears before it, it follows that the same aspects of the individual's record may again constitute the primary grounds for a denial of parole. <u>Matter of Hakim v. Travis</u>, 302 A.D.2d 821, 754 N.Y.S.2d 600 (3d Dept. 2003); <u>Matter of Bridget v. Travis</u>, 300 A.D.2d 776, 750 N.Y.S.2d 795 (3d Dept. 2002). The Board is required to consider the same factors each time he appears in front of them. <u>Matter of Williams v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 70 A.D.3d 1106, 894 N.Y.S.2d 224 (3d Dept.), <u>Iv. denied</u>, 14 N.Y.3d 709, 901 N.Y.S.2d 143 (2010).

The Commissioner's Worksheet does not need to be signed by the Commissioners.

Denial of parole is neither arbitrary nor capricious when the Parole Board relied on the factors defined by the New York statute. <u>Hodge v Griffin</u>, 2014 WL 2453333(S.D.N.Y. 2014) citing <u>Romer v Travis</u>, 2003 WL 21744079. An arbitrary action is one without sound basis in reason and without regard to the facts. Rationality is what is reviewed under an arbitrary and capricious standard. <u>Hamilton v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). An action is arbitrary and capricious when it is taken without sound basis in reason or regard to the facts. <u>Ward v City of Long Beach</u>, 20 N.Y.3d 1042 (2013). Denial is neither arbitrary nor capricious when the Board relies on factors defined by New York statute. <u>Siao-Paul v. Connolly</u>, 564 F. Supp. 2d 232, 242 (S.D.N.Y. 2008); <u>Hanna v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 169 A.D.3d 503, 92 N.Y.S.3d 621 (1st Dept. 2019).

The appellant has failed to demonstrate that the Parole Board's determination was affected by a showing of irrationality bordering on impropriety. <u>Matter of Silmon v Travis</u>, 95 N.Y.2d 470, 718 N.Y.S.2d 704 (2001); <u>Matter of Russo v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 50 N.Y.2d 69, 77, 427 N.Y.S.2d 982 (1980).

In the absence of a convincing demonstration that the Board did not consider the statutory factors, it must be presumed that the Board fulfilled its duty. <u>Matter of Fuchino v. Herbert</u>, 255 A.D.2d 914, 914, 680 N.Y.S.2d 389, 390 (4th Dept. 1998); <u>Matter of McLain v. New York State</u> Div. of Parole, 204 A.D.2d 456, 611 N.Y.S.2d 629 (2d Dept. 1994); <u>Matter of McKee v. New York</u>

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State Bd. of Parole, 157 A.D.2d 944, 945, 550 N.Y.S.2d 204, 205 (3d Dept. 1990); People ex rel. Herbert, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881.

As for the alleged COMPAS error, appellant did not raise the issue during the interview, thereby waiving the issue. <u>Matter of Shaffer v. Leonardo</u>, 179 A.D.2d 980, 579 N.Y.S.2d 910 (3d Dept. 1992); <u>Boddie v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 288 F.Supp.2d 431 (S.D.N.Y. 2003); <u>Matter of Morrison v. Evans</u>, 81 A.D.3d 1073, 916 N.Y.S.2d 655 (3d Dept. 2011); <u>Matter of Vanier v.</u> <u>Travis</u>, 274 A.D.2d 797, 711 N.Y.S.2d 920 (3d Dept. 2000). If the inmate was given a chance to discuss the matter at the interview and didn't mention it, the issue is without merit. <u>Matter of Mercer v New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision</u>, Index # 5872-13, *Decision/Order/Judgment* dated April 7, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(Ceresia J.S.C.); <u>Matter of Cox v Stanford</u>, Index # 228-14, *Decision and Order* dated June 17, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(McGrath J.S.C.). If the inmate fails to raise the issue of alleged COMPAS error at the interview, and the matter could have been corrected then, the issue is waived. <u>Matter of Cox v Stanford</u>, Index # 228-14, *Decision and Order* dated April 18, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(McGrath J.S.C.).

Recommendation: Affirm.