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# Administrative Appeal Decision - Fuller, Fitzalbert (2019-01-31)

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## Administrative Appeal Decision Notice

Inmate Name: Fuller, Fitzalbert

Facility: Green Haven Correctional Facility Appeal Control #: 05-031-18-B

NYSID No.:

Dept. DIN#: 17B0918

Appearances:For the Board, the Appeals UnitFor Appellant:James Godemann Esq.Oneida County Public Defender250 Boehlert Center at Union Station321 Main StreetUtica, New York 13501

Board Member(s) who participated in appealed from decision: Alexander, Agostini, Drake

Decision appealed from: 4/2018-Denial of discretionary release, with imposition of 15 month hold.

<u>Pleadings considered</u>: Brief on behalf of the appellant received on October 25, 2018. Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and Recommendation

Documents relied upon: Presentence Investigation Report, Parole Board Report, Interview Transcript, Parole Board Release Decision (Form 9026), COMPAS, TAP/Case Plan.

**Final Determination**: The undersigned have determined that the decision from which this appeal was taken be and the same is hereby

<u>Ali</u>	Affirmed	Reversed for De Novo Interview	Modified to
Commissioner			<i>,</i>
buch (A)	Affirmed	Reversed for De Novo Interview	Modified to
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Commissioner			· · ·

If the Final Determination is at variance with Findings and Recommendation of Appeals Unit, written reasons for the Parole Board's determination <u>must</u> be annexed hereto.

This Final Determination, the related Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and the separate findings of the Parole Board, if any, were mailed to the Inmate and the Inmate's Counsel, if any, on <u>1/3/19</u>

Distribution: Appeals Unit – Inmate - Inmate's Counsel - Inst. Parole File - Central File P-2002(B) (5/2011)

## **STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

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#### **<u>Findings</u>**:

Counsel for the appellant has submitted a brief to serve as the perfected appeal. The brief raises the following issues. 1) appellant claims the Board decision is arbitrary and capricious in that the Board failed to consider and/or properly weigh the required statutory factors. 2) appellant contends the Board never explained how they weighed the factors, and proceeded to illegally resentence him. 3) appellant alleges the decision failed to provide details. 4) the Board failed to make required findings of fact.

In response, pursuant to Executive Law §259-i(2)(c), the Parole Board must consider criteria which is relevant to the specific inmate, including, but not limited to, the inmate's institutional record or criminal behavior, giving whatever emphasis they so choose to each factor. In re Garcia v. New York State Division of Parole, 239 A.D.2d 235, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415 (1st Dept. 1997); People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Board of Parole, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1st Dept. 1983). The Board is not required to give equal weight to each statutory factor. Arena v New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision, 156 A.D.3d 1101, 65 N.Y.S.3d 471 (3d Dept. 2017); Mays v Stanford, 150 A.D.3d 1521, 55 N.Y.S.3d 502 (3d Dept. 2017); Marszalek v Stanford, 152 A.D.3d 773, 59 N.Y.S.3d 432 (2d Dept. 2017); Paniagua v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1018, 56 N.Y.S.3d 894 (3d Dept. 2017); Esquilin v New York State Board of Parole, 144 A.D.3d 846, 40 N.Y.S.3d 279 (2nd Dept. 2016); Kenefick v Sticht, 139 A.D.3d 1380, 31 N.Y.S.3d 367 (4th Dept. 2016); LeGeros v New York State Board of Parole, 139 A.D.3d 1068, 30 N.Y.S.3d 834 (2d Dept. 2016); De la Cruz v Annucci, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4th Dept. 2014); Phillips v Dennison, 41 A.D.3d 17, 834 N.Y.S.2d 121 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept. 2007); That an inmate has numerous achievements within a prison's institutional setting does not automatically entitle him to parole release. Matter of Faison v. Travis, 260 A.D.2d 866, 688 N.Y.S.2d 782 (3d Dept. 1999); Pulliam v Dennison, 38 A.D.3d 963, 832 N.Y.S.2d 304 (3d Dept. 2007). Moreover, per Executive Law §259-i(2)(c), an application for parole release shall not be granted merely as a reward for appellant's good conduct or achievements while incarcerated. Larrier v New York State Board of Parole Appeals Unit, 283 A.D.2d 700, 723 N.Y.S.2d 902, 903 (3d Dept 2001); Vasquez v State of New York Executive Department, Division of Parole, 20 A.D.3d 668, 797 N.Y.S.2d 655 (3d Dept. 2005); Wellman v Dennison, 23 A.D.3d 974, 805 N.Y.S.2d 159 (3d Dept. 2005).

The fact that the appellant had a prior violation of probation is also a basis for denying parole release. <u>Velasquez v Travis</u>, 278 A.D.2d 651, 717 N.Y.S.2d 702 (3d Dept 2000); <u>Vasquez v New</u> <u>York State Division of Parole</u>, 215 A.D.2d 856, 626 N.Y.S.2d 332 (3d Dept 1995); <u>People ex rel.</u> <u>Herbert v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881, 884 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept 1983).

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## **Findings:** (continued from page 1)

The Board is obligated to consider the inmate's prior criminal record. <u>Matter of Partee v Evans</u>, 117 A.D.3d 1258, 984 N.Y.S.2d 894 (3d Dept. 2014). The Board may put more weight on the inmate's criminal history. <u>Bello v Board of Parole</u>, 149 A.D.3d 1458, 53 N.Y.S.3d 715 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Hall v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 66 A.D.3d 1322, 886 N.Y.S.2d 835 (3d Dept. 2009); <u>Davis v Evans</u>, 105 A.D.3d 1305, 963 N.Y.S.2d 485 (3d Dept. 2013); <u>Jones v New York State Parole Board</u>, 127 A.D.3d 1327, 6 N.Y.S.3d 774 (3d Dept. 2015); <u>Wade v Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1487, 52 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2017). The fact that the Board afforded greater weight to the inmate's criminal history, and not to an alleged positive institutional adjustment, does not render the denial of parole for that reason irrational or improper. <u>Matter of Ortiz v. Hammock</u>, 96 A.D.2d 735, 465 N.Y.S.2d 341 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1983); <u>Peo. ex rel. Yates v. Walters</u>, 111 A.D.2d 839, 490 N.Y.S.2d 573 (2d Dept. 1985); <u>Matter of Ristau v. Hammock</u>, 103 A.D.2d 944, 479 N.Y.S.2d 760 (3d Dept. 1984) <u>lv. to appeal den</u>. 63 N.Y.2d 608, 483 N.Y.S.2d 1023 (1984); <u>Torres v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 300 A.D.2d 128, 750 N.Y.S.2d 759 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept 2002); <u>Lashway v Evans</u>, 110 A.D.3d 1420, 973 N.Y.S.2d 496 (3d Dept. 2013).

The denial of parole release based upon nature of conviction and criminal history is appropriate. In the Matter of Hawkins v. Travis, 259 A.D.2d 813, 686 N.Y.S.2d 198 (3d Dept. 1999); Farid v. Russi, 217 A.D.2d 832, 629 N.Y.S.2d 821 (3d Dept. 1995); Charlemagne v New York State Division of Parole, 281 A.D.2d 669, 722 N.Y.S.2d 74, 75 (3d Dept 2001); Burress v Evans, 107 A.D.3d 1216, 967 N.Y.S.2d 486 (3d Dept. 2013); Boccadisi v Stanford, 133 A.D.3d 1169, 20 N.Y.S.3d 477 (3d Dept. 2015); Bush v Annucci, 148 A.D.3d 1392, 50 N.Y.S.3d 180 (3d Dept. 2017); Holmes v Annucci, 151 A.D.3d 1954, 57 N.Y.S.3d 857 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2017).

Per Executive Law 259-i(2)(c)(A), the Board is obligated to consider the inmate's prior criminal record and the nature of the instant offenses, and the fact that such consideration resulted in a parole denial does not reflect irrationality bordering on impropriety. <u>Singh v Evans</u>, 118 A.D.3d 1209, 987 N.Y.S.2d 271 (3d Dept. 2014).

The Board may consider the denial of an EEC. <u>Frett v Coughlin</u>, 156 A.D.2d 779, 550 N.Y.S.2d 61 (3d Dept. 1989); <u>Porter v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 282 A.D.2d 843, 722 N.Y.S.2d 922, 923 (3d Dept. 2001); <u>Jarvis v Commissioner of the New York State Department of Correctional Services</u>, 277 A.D.2d 556, 714 N.Y.S.2d 825, 826 (3d Dept. 2000).

## **STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

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## **Findings:** (continued from page 2)

The consideration by the Board of prison disciplinary violations is also appropriate. <u>People ex</u> rel. Henson v Miller, 244 A.D.2d 729, 664 N.Y.S.2d 655 (3d Dept 1997), <u>leave to appeal denied</u> 91 N.Y.2d 809, 670 N.Y.S.2d 403 (1998); <u>Warburton v Department of Correctional Services</u>, 254 A.D.2d 659, 680 N.Y.S.2d 26 (3d Dept 1998), <u>appeal dismissed</u>, <u>leave to appeal denied</u> 92 N.Y.2d 1041, 685 N.Y.S.2d 416 (1999); <u>Betancourt v Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Bush v Annucci</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1392, 50 N.Y.S.3d 180 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Perea v Stanford</u>, 149 A.D.3d 1392, 53 N.Y.S.3d 231 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Mays v Stanford</u>, 150 A.D.3d 1521, 55 N.Y.S.3d 502 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Gonzalvo v Stanford</u>, 153 A.D.3d 1021, 56 N.Y.S.3d 896 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Paniagua v Stanford</u>, 153 A.D.3d 1018, 56 N.Y.S.3d 894 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Lewis v Stanford</u>, 153 A.D.3d 1478, 59 N.Y.S.3d 726 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Cobb v Stanford</u>, 153 A.D.3d 1500, 59 N.Y.S.3d 915 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Franza v Stanford</u>, 155 A.D.3d 1291, 65 N.Y.S.3d 252 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Constant v Stanford</u>, 157 A.D.3d 1175, 67 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2018); <u>Robinson v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 162 A.D.3d 1450, 81 N.Y.S.3d 235 (3d Dept. 2018).

The Board may place particular emphasis upon the nature of the offense. <u>Mullins v New York</u> <u>State Board of Parole</u>, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016). The Board in its discretion properly placed greater emphasis on the present offenses, as it is not required to give equal weight to all requisite factors. <u>Wiley v State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision</u>, 139 A.D.3d 1289, 32 N.Y.S.3d 370 (3d Dept. 2016); <u>Peralta v New York</u> <u>State Board of Parole</u>, 157 A.D.3d 1151, 69 N.Y.S.3d 885 (3d Dept. 2018).

Denial of parole due to a need to take more rehabilitative programming is appropriate. <u>Warburton v Department of Correctional Services</u>, 254 A.D.2d 659, 680 N.Y.S.2d 26 (3d Dept 1998), <u>appeal dismissed</u>, leave to appeal denied 92 N.Y.2d 1041, 685 N.Y.S.2d 416 (1999); <u>People ex rel. Justice v Russi</u>, 226 A.D.2d 821, 641 N.Y.S.2d 143, 144 (3d Dept 1996); <u>Odom v Henderson</u>, 57 A.D.2d 710, 395 N.Y.S.2d 533 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1977); <u>Connelly v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 286 A.D.2d 792, 729 N.Y.S.2d 808, 809 (3d Dept 2001), <u>appeal dismissed</u> 97 N.Y.2d 677, 738 N.Y.S.2d 291 (2001).

The COMPAS can contain negative factors that support the Board's conclusion. <u>Wade v</u> <u>Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1487, 52 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2017).

The Board may consider

#### **STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

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**<u>Findings</u>**: (continued from page 3)

Appellant's need for

A claim that the denial of parole release amounted to a resentencing is without merit. <u>Kalwasinski v Patterson</u>, 80 A.D.3d 1065, 915 N.Y.S.2d 715 (3d Dept. 2011) <u>lv.app.den</u>. 16 N.Y.3d 710, 922 N.Y.S.2d 273 (2011); <u>Marnell v Dennison</u>, 35 A.D.3d 995, 824 N.Y.S.2d 812 (3d Dept. 2006) <u>lv.den</u>. 8 N.Y.3d 807, 833 N.Y.S.2d 426; <u>Murray v Evans</u>, 83 A.D.3d 1320, 920 N.Y.S.2d 745 (3d Dept. 2011); <u>Gonzalez v Chair, New York State Board of Parole</u>, 72 A.D.3d 1368, 898 N.Y.S.2d 737 (3d Dept. 2010); <u>Borcsok v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 34 A.D.3d 961, 823 N.Y.S.2d 310 (3d Dept. 2006) <u>lv.den</u>. 8 N.Y.3d 803, 830 N.Y.S.2d 699. The Board was vested with discretion to determine whether release was appropriate, notwithstanding what the minimum period of incarceration which was set by the Court. <u>Cody v Dennison</u>, 33 A.D.3d 1141, 1142 (3d Dept. 2006), <u>lv.den</u>. 8 N.Y.3d 2007; <u>Burress v Dennison</u>, 37 A.D.3d 930, 829 N.Y.S.2d 283 (3d Dept. 2007).

As for the required three part statutory standard, contrary to appellant's claim, the Board is not required to repeat the language of the statute verbatim. Rather, it need merely insure that sufficient facts are in the decision which comply with the standard-which it has clearly done in this case. The factors cited, which were appellant's instant offense, criminal history, prior probation violation, poor COMPAS scores, need for further programming and EEC denial, and prison disciplinary record, show the required statutory findings were in fact made in this case. Language used in the decision which is only semantically different from the statutory language (e.g. continued incarceration serves the community standards) is permissible. James v Chairman of the New York State Division of Parole, 19 A.D.3d 857, 796 N.Y.S.2d 735 (3d Dept. 2005); Miller v New York State Division of Parole, 72 A.D.3d 690, 897 N.Y.S.2d 726 (2d Dept. 2010). Although the Board's determination could have been stated more artfully, this is insufficient to annul the decision. Ek v Travis, 20 A.D.3d 667, 798 N.Y.S.2d 199 (3d Dept 2005). The Board's failure to recite the precise statutory language of the first sentence in support of its conclusion to deny parole release does not undermine it's determination. Silvero v Dennison, 28 A.D.3d 859, 811 N.Y.S.2d 822 (3d Dept. 2006); Reed v Evans, 94 A.D.3d 1323, 942 N.Y.S.2d 387 (3d Dept. 2012); Mullins v New York State Board of Parole, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016).

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**Findings:** (continued from page 4)

The Board set forth in adequate detail the reasons for its denial of the inmate's request for release. <u>Burress v Evans</u>, 107 A.D.3d 1216, 967 N.Y.S.2d 486 (3d Dept. 2013). The written Board decision in this case contains sufficient detail. <u>McLain v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 204 A.D.2d 456, 611 N.Y.S.2d 629 (2d Dept 1994); <u>Walker v Russi</u>,176 A.D.2d 1185, 576 N.Y.S.2d 51 (3d Dept 1991), <u>appeal dismissed</u> 79 N.Y.2d 897, 581 N.Y.S.2d 660 (1992); <u>Thomas v Superintendent of Arthur Kill Correctional Facility</u>, 124 A.D.2d 848, 508 N.Y.S.2d 564 (2d Dept 1986), <u>appeal dismissed</u> 69 N.Y.2d 611, 517 N.Y.S.2d 1025 (1987); <u>De la Cruz v Annucci</u>, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2014); <u>Betancourt v Stanford</u>, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); <u>Robinson v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 162 A.D.3d 1450, 81 N.Y.S.3d 235 (3d Dept. 2018); <u>Applegate v New York State Board of Parole</u>, 164 A.D.3d 996, 82 N.Y.S.3d 240 (3d Dept. 2018).

The inmate may not review the Board's weighing process or assess whether the Board gave proper weight to the relevant factors, since it is not required to state each factor it considers, or weigh each factor equally or grant parole due to exemplary behavior. <u>Comfort v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 68 A.D.3d 1295, 890 N.Y.S.2d 700 (3<sup>rd</sup> Dept. 2009); <u>Hamilton v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). The due process clause is not violated by the Board's balancing of the statutory criteria, and which is not to be second guessed by the courts. <u>Mathie v Dennison</u>, 2007 WL 2351072 (S.D.N.Y. 2007); <u>MacKenzie v Cunningham</u>, 2014 WL 5089395 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

Denial of parole is neither arbitrary nor capricious when the Parole Board relied on the factors defined by the New York statute. <u>Hodge v Griffin</u>, 2014 WL 2453333(S.D.N.Y. 2014) citing <u>Romer v Travis</u>, 2003 WL 21744079. An arbitrary action is one without sound basis in reason and without regard to the facts. Rationality is what is reviewed under an arbitrary and capricious standard. <u>Hamilton v New York State Division of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). An action is arbitrary and capricious when it is taken without sound basis in reason or regard to the facts. Ward v City of Long Beach, 20 N.Y.3d 1042 (2013).

Since the Board's decision was sufficiently detailed to inform the inmate of the reasons for the denial of parole, it satisfied the criteria set out in section 259-i of the Executive Law. <u>Siao-Pao v</u> <u>Dennison</u>, 11 N.Y.3d 777, 866 N.Y.S.2d 602 (Ct. App. 2008); <u>Matter of Whitehead v. Russi</u>, 201 A.D.2d 825, 607 N.Y.S.2d 751 (3d Dept. 1993); <u>Matter of Green v. New York State Division of Parole</u>, 199 A.D.2d 677, 605 N.Y.S.2d 148 (3d Dept. 1993).

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**Findings:** (continued from page 5)

Moreover, the reasons stated by the Parole Board members for holding appellant are sufficient grounds to support their decision. <u>People ex rel. Yates v. Walters</u>, 111 A.D.2d 839, 490 N.Y.S.2d 573 (2d Dept. 1985); <u>Matter of Ganci v Hammock</u>, 99 A.D.2d 546, 471 N.Y.S.2d 630 (2d Dept. 1984); <u>Matter of Vuksanaj v. Hammock</u>, 93 A.D.2d 958, 463 N.Y.S.2d 61 (3d Dept. 1983); <u>Matter of Pina v. Hammock</u>, 89 A.D.2d 799, 453 N.Y.S.2d 479 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 1982). Since the Board's challenged decision was made in accordance with the pertinent statutory requirements, it exercised proper discretion in denying appellant early release on parole. <u>In the Matter of Hawkins v. Travis</u>, 259 A.D.2d 813, 686 N.Y.S.2d 198 (3d Dept. 1999), <u>app. dism.</u> 93 N.Y.2d 1033, 697 N.Y.S.2d 556 (1999); <u>Matter of Barrett v. New York State Division of Parole</u>, 242 A.D.2d 763, 661 N.Y.S.2d 857 (3d Dept. 1997).

## **Recommendation:**

Accordingly, it is recommended the decision of the Board be affirmed.