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### STATE OF NEW YORK -- BOARD OF PAROLE

# Administrative Appeal Decision Notice

Inmate Name: Walker, William		Facility: Brookwood Secure Center	
NYSID No.		Appeal Control #: 08-164-18 PIE	
<b>OCFS#</b> : 345065	42		
Appearances:	Jessica Howser, Esq. Columbia County Public Det 610 State Street Hudson, New York 12534	fender	
Decision appealed:	8/2018 decision, denying discretionary release and imposing a hold of 11 months.		
Board Members(s) Who Participated:	Demosthenes, Agostini, Alex	ander.	
Papers considered:	Appellant's brief received December 31, 2018.		
Appeals Unit Review:	Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and Recommendation.		
Records relied upon:	Pre-Sentence Investigation Report, Parole Board Report, Interview Transcript, Parole Board Release Decision Notice (Form 9026).		
Final Determination:	The undersigned determine th	nat the decision appealed is hereby:	
Longmis Joner	Affirmed Vacated,	remanded for de novo interview	Modified to
Commissioner	Affirmed Vacated,	remanded for de novo interview	Modified to
Commissioner	Affirmed Vacated,	remanded for de novo interview	Modified to
-	nation is at variance with Finder Board's determination mus	dings and Recommendation of Appe t be annexed hereto.	cals Unit, written

This Final Determination, the related Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and the separate findings of the Parole Board, if any, were mailed to the Inmate and the Inmate's Counsel, if any, on 3/11/19 66

#### STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

## <u>APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION</u>

Inmate Name: Walker, William OCFS#: 345065

Facility: Brookwood Secure Center AC No.: 08-164-18 PIE

**Findings:** (1 of 3)

Appellant challenges the August 15, 2018 determination of the Board, denying release and imposing a 11-month hold.

Appellant raises the following issues in his brief: (1) the Board's decision was arbitrary and capricious, made in violation of applicable legal authority, and placed too much emphasis on Appellant's crimes of conviction; (2) the Board "exhibited hostility and bias toward Appellant" by discussing his career goals; (3) the Board's decision was conclusory, lacking sufficient detail; (4) the Board did not discuss certain issues to the satisfaction of Appellant; (5) the Board's decision was tantamount to a resentencing of Appellant; (6) the Board's decision was made in violation of Appellant's due process rights; (7) certain records were not provided to Appellant's attorney; and (8) the 11-month hold was excessive.

As to the first issue, discretionary release to parole is not to be granted "merely as a reward for good conduct or efficient performance of duties while confined but after considering if there is a reasonable probability that, if such inmate is released, he will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, **and** that his release is not incompatible with the welfare of society **and** will not so deprecate the seriousness of his crime as to undermine respect for the law." Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) (emphasis added); <u>accord Matter of Hamilton v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). "Although these standards are no longer repeated in the [Board's] regulation, this in no way modifies the statutory mandate requiring their application." Notice of Adoption, NY Reg, Sept. 27, 2017 at 2. A conclusion that an inmate fails to satisfy **any one** of the considerations set forth in Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) is an independent basis to deny parole. <u>See, e.g., Matter of Silmon v. Travis</u>, 95 N.Y.2d 470, 477, 718 N.Y.S.2d 704, 708 (2000); <u>Matter of Robles v. Fischer</u>, 117 A.D.3d 1558, 1559, 985 N.Y.S.2d 386 (4th Dept. 2014); <u>Matter of Hamilton v. New York State Div. of Parole</u>, 119 A.D.3d 1268; <u>Matter of Phillips v. Dennison</u>, 41 A.D.3d 17, 21, 834 N.Y.S.2d 121, 124 (1st Dept. 2007).

Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) requires the Board to consider criteria which is relevant to the specific inmate, including, but not limited to, the inmate's institutional record and criminal behavior. People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1st Dept. 1983). While consideration of these factors is mandatory, "the ultimate decision to parole a prisoner is discretionary." Matter of Silmon v. Travis, 95 N.Y.2d 470, 477. Thus, it is well settled that the weight to be accorded the requisite factors is solely within the Board's discretion. See, e.g., Matter of Delacruz v. Annucci, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4th Dept. 2014); Matter of Hamilton, 119 A.D.3d at 1271; Matter of Garcia v. New York State Div. of Parole, 239 A.D.2d 235, 239, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415, 418 (1st Dept. 1997). The Board need not explicitly refer to each

#### STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

## <u>APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION</u>

Inmate Name: Walker, William OCFS#: 345065

Facility: Brookwood Secure Center AC No.: 08-164-18 PIE

**Findings:** (2 of 3)

factor in its decision, nor give them equal weight. Matter of Betancourt v. Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); Matter of LeGeros v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 139 A.D.3d 1068, 30 N.Y.S.3d 834 (2d Dept. 2016); Matter of Phillips v. Dennison, 41 A.D.3d 17. In the absence of a convincing demonstration that the Board did not consider the statutory factors, it must be presumed that the Board fulfilled its duty. Matter of Fuchino v. Herbert, 255 A.D.2d 914, 914, 680 N.Y.S.2d 389, 390 (4th Dept. 1998); Matter of McLain v. New York State Div. of Parole, 204 A.D.2d 456, 611 N.Y.S.2d 629 (2d Dept. 1994); Matter of McKee v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 157 A.D.2d 944, 945, 550 N.Y.S.2d 204, 205 (3d Dept. 1990); People ex rel. Herbert, 97 A.D.2d 128.

As to the third issue, there must be support in the record to prove an alleged bias and proof that the decision flowed from such bias. Matter of Hernandez v. McSherry, 271 A.D.2d 777, 706 N.Y.S.2d 647 (3d Dept. 2000), lv. denied, 95 N.Y.2d 769, 722 N.Y.S.2d 472 (2000); see also Matter of Gonzalvo v. Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1021, 56 N.Y.S.3d 896 (3d Dept. 2017) (rejecting bias claim); Matter of Grune v. Board of Parole,41 A.D.3d 1014, 838 N.Y.S.2d 694 (3d Dept. 2007) (same). Discussing Appellant's career goals does not demonstrate bias.

As to the fourth issue, Appellant was provided the opportunity to discuss with the Board during the interview any issues of interest, and cannot now be heard to complain that certain issues were not discussed, or the extent to which certain issues were discussed. See Matter of Serna v. New York State Division of Parole, 279 A.D.2d 684, 719 N.Y.S. 2d 166 (3d Dept. 2001); Matter of Garcia v. New York State Div. of Parole, 239 A.D.2d 235, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415 (1st Dept. 1997).

As to the fifth issue, Appellant's assertion that the denial of parole release amounted to an improper resentencing is without merit inasmuch as the Board fulfilled its obligation to determine the propriety of release per Executive Law § 259-i(2)(c)(A) and after considering the factors set forth therein. See Executive Law § 259 et seq.; Penal Law § 70.40; Matter of Murray v. Evans, 83 A.D.3d 1320, 920 N.Y.S.2d 745 (3d Dept. 2011); Matter of Crews v. New York State Exec. Dept. Bd. of Parole Appeals Unit, 281 A.D.2d 672, 720 N.Y.S.2d 855 (3d Dept. 2001). Appellant has not in any manner been resentenced. Matter of Mullins v. New York State Bd. of Parole, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 1142, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016).

As to the sixth issue, an inmate has no Constitutional right to be released on parole before expiration of a valid sentence. Greenholtz v. Inmates of Nebraska Penal & Correctional Complex, 442 U.S. 1, 99 S. Ct. 2100, 2104 (1979); Matter of Russo v. Bd. of Parole, 50 N.Y.2d 69, 427 N.Y.S.2d 982 (1980); Matter of Vineski v. Travis, 244 A.D.2d 737, 664 N.Y.S.2d 391 (3d Dept.

#### STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

## <u>APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION</u>

Inmate Name: Walker, William OCFS#: 345065

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**Findings:** (3 of 3)

1997). The New York State parole scheme "holds out no more than a possibility of parole" and thus does not create a protected liberty interest implicating the due process clause. <u>Matter of</u> Russo, 50 N.Y.2d at 75-76, 427 N.Y.S.2d at 985; see also Barna v. Travis, 239 F.3d 169, 171 (2d

Cir. 2001); Matter of Freeman v. New York State Div. of Parole, 21 A.D.3d 1174, 800 N.Y.S.2d

797 (3d Dept. 2005).

As to the seventh issue, Appellant's counsel in this administrative appeal asserts that certain records were not provided prior to the Board interview. We note that records may be requested from the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision under the Freedom of Information Law (FOIL), and that there is also an appeal process under FOIL. Complaints regarding whether certain records were provided under FOIL are beyond the scope of this administrative appeal, and furthermore this issue was not preserved on the record and has therefore been waived.

As to the eighth issue, the Board has discretion to hold an inmate for a period of up to 24 months. Executive Law § 259-i(2)(a) and 9 N.Y.C.R.R. § 8002.3(b); Matter of Tatta v. State of N.Y., Div. of Parole, 290 A.D.2d 907, 737 N.Y.S.2d 163 (3d Dept. 2002), Iv. denied, 98 N.Y.2d 604, 746 N.Y.S.2d 278 (2002); Matter of Campbell v. Evans, 106 A.D.3d 1363, 965 N.Y.S.2d 672 (3d Dept. 2013). Therefore, the hold of 11 months was not excessive or improper.

**Recommendation:** Affirm.