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December 2020

### Administrative Appeal Decision - Fabian, Jesus (2018-12-28)

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Administrative Appeal Decision Notice

**Inmate Name:** Fabian, Jesus

**Facility:** Gowanda Correctional Facility

**NYSID No.:** [REDACTED]

**Appeal Control #:** 08-129-18-B

**Dept. DIN#:** 16R1111

Appearances:

For the Board, the Appeals Unit

For Appellant:

Jesus Fabian 16R1111  
Gowanda Correctional Facility  
P.O. Box 311  
Gowanda, New York 14070

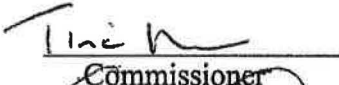

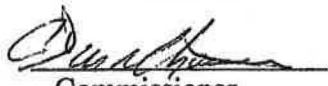
Board Member(s) who participated in appealed from decision: **Agostini, Berliner, Cruse**

Decision appealed from: 8/2018-Denial of discretionary release, with imposition of 24 month hold.

Pleadings considered: Brief on behalf of the pro se appellant received on October 5, 2018.  
Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and Recommendation

Documents relied upon: Presentence Investigation Report, Parole Board Report, Interview Transcript,  
Parole Board Release Decision (Form 9026), COMPAS, TAP/Case Plan.

**Final Determination:** The undersigned have determined that the decision from which this appeal was taken be and the same is hereby

	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Affirmed	<input type="checkbox"/> Reversed for De Novo Interview	<input type="checkbox"/> Modified to _____
Commissioner			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Affirmed	<input type="checkbox"/> Reversed for De Novo Interview	<input type="checkbox"/> Modified to _____
Commissioner			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Affirmed	<input type="checkbox"/> Reversed for De Novo Interview	<input type="checkbox"/> Modified to _____
Commissioner			

***If the Final Determination is at variance with Findings and Recommendation of Appeals Unit, written reasons for the Parole Board's determination must be annexed hereto.***

This Final Determination, the related Statement of the Appeals Unit's Findings and the separate findings of the Parole Board, if any, were mailed to the Inmate and the Inmate's Counsel, if any, on 12/28/18.  
LB

Distribution: Appeals Unit - Inmate - Inmate's Counsel - Inst. Parole File - Central File  
P-2002(B) (5/2011)

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

**STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

**Inmate Name:** Fabian, Jesus

**Facility:** Gowanda Correctional Facility

**Dept. DIN#:** 16R1111

**Appeal Control #:** 08-129-18-B

**Findings:**

The pro se appellant has submitted a brief to serve as the perfected appeal. The brief raises three primary issues. 1) Appellant's first claim is the decision is arbitrary and capricious in that the Board failed to consider and/or properly weigh the required statutory factors. Appellant contends he has an excellent institutional record and release plan, and that no aggravating factors exist, but all the Board did was to look only at the instant offense/criminal history. Appellant alleges the Board failed to make required findings of fact or to offer future guidance or provide details, and illegally resentenced him. 2) no record was made of the Board's deliberations, in violation of the due process clause. 3) the Board failed to comply with the 2011 amendments to the Executive Law in that no TAP was done, and the COMPAS had errors on it.

In response, pursuant to Executive Law §259-i(2)(c), the Parole Board must consider criteria which is relevant to the specific inmate, including, but not limited to, the inmate's institutional record or criminal behavior, giving whatever emphasis they so choose to each factor. In re Garcia v. New York State Division of Parole, 239 A.D.2d 235, 657 N.Y.S.2d 415 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept. 1997); People ex rel. Herbert v. New York State Board of Parole, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept. 1983). The Board is not required to give equal weight to each statutory factor. Arena v New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision, 156 A.D.3d 1101, 65 N.Y.S.3d 471 (3d Dept. 2017); Mays v Stanford, 150 A.D.3d 1521, 55 N.Y.S.3d 502 (3d Dept. 2017); Marszalek v Stanford, 152 A.D.3d 773, 59 N.Y.S.3d 432 (2d Dept. 2017); Paniagua v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1018, 56 N.Y.S.3d 894 (3d Dept. 2017); Esquilin v New York State Board of Parole, 144 A.D.3d 846, 40 N.Y.S.3d 279 (2<sup>nd</sup> Dept. 2016); Kenefick v Sticht, 139 A.D.3d 1380, 31 N.Y.S.3d 367 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2016); LeGeros v New York State Board of Parole, 139 A.D.3d 1068, 30 N.Y.S.3d 834 (2d Dept. 2016); De la Cruz v Annucci, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2014); Phillips v Dennison, 41 A.D.3d 17, 834 N.Y.S.2d 121 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept. 2007); That an inmate has numerous achievements within a prison's institutional setting does not automatically entitle him to parole release. Matter of Faison v. Travis, 260 A.D.2d 866, 688 N.Y.S.2d 782 (3d Dept. 1999); Pulliam v Dennison, 38 A.D.3d 963, 832 N.Y.S.2d 304 (3d Dept. 2007). Moreover, per Executive Law §259-i(2)(c), an application for parole release shall not be granted merely as a reward for appellant's good conduct or achievements while incarcerated. Larrier v New York State Board of Parole Appeals Unit, 283 A.D.2d 700, 723 N.Y.S.2d 902, 903 (3d Dept 2001); Vasquez v State of New York Executive Department, Division of Parole, 20 A.D.3d 668, 797 N.Y.S.2d 655 (3d Dept. 2005); Wellman v Dennison, 23 A.D.3d 974, 805 N.Y.S.2d 159 (3d Dept. 2005).

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

**STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

**Inmate Name:** Fabian, Jesus

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**Appeal Control #:** 08-129-18-B

**Findings:** (continued from page 1)

The Board is obligated to consider the inmate's prior criminal record. Matter of Partee v Evans, 117 A.D.3d 1258, 984 N.Y.S.2d 894 (3d Dept. 2014). The Board may put more weight on the inmate's criminal history. Bello v Board of Parole, 149 A.D.3d 1458, 53 N.Y.S.3d 715 (3d Dept. 2017); Hall v New York State Division of Parole, 66 A.D.3d 1322, 886 N.Y.S.2d 835 (3d Dept. 2009); Davis v Evans, 105 A.D.3d 1305, 963 N.Y.S.2d 485 (3d Dept. 2013); Jones v New York State Parole Board, 127 A.D.3d 1327, 6 N.Y.S.3d 774 (3d Dept. 2015); Wade v Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1487, 52 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2017). The fact that the Board afforded greater weight to the inmate's criminal history, and not to an alleged positive institutional adjustment, does not render the denial of parole for that reason irrational or improper. Matter of Ortiz v. Hammock, 96 A.D.2d 735, 465 N.Y.S.2d 341 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1983); Peo. ex rel. Yates v. Walters, 111 A.D.2d 839, 490 N.Y.S.2d 573 (2d Dept. 1985); Matter of Ristau v. Hammock, 103 A.D.2d 944, 479 N.Y.S.2d 760 (3d Dept. 1984) lv. to appeal den. 63 N.Y.2d 608, 483 N.Y.S.2d 1023 (1984); Torres v New York State Division of Parole, 300 A.D.2d 128, 750 N.Y.S.2d 759 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept 2002); Lashway v Evans, 110 A.D.3d 1420, 973 N.Y.S.2d 496 (3d Dept. 2013).

The denial of parole release based upon nature of conviction and criminal history is appropriate. In the Matter of Hawkins v. Travis, 259 A.D.2d 813, 686 N.Y.S.2d 198 (3d Dept. 1999); Farid v. Russi, 217 A.D.2d 832, 629 N.Y.S.2d 821 (3d Dept. 1995); Charlemagne v New York State Division of Parole, 281 A.D.2d 669, 722 N.Y.S.2d 74, 75 (3d Dept 2001); Burress v Evans, 107 A.D.3d 1216, 967 N.Y.S.2d 486 (3d Dept. 2013); Boccadisi v Stanford, 133 A.D.3d 1169, 20 N.Y.S.3d 477 (3d Dept. 2015); Bush v Annucci, 148 A.D.3d 1392, 50 N.Y.S.3d 180 (3d Dept. 2017); Holmes v Annucci, 151 A.D.3d 1954, 57 N.Y.S.3d 857 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2017).

Per Executive Law 259-i(2)(c)(A), the Board is obligated to consider the inmate's prior criminal record and the nature of the instant offenses, and the fact that such consideration resulted in a parole denial does not reflect irrationality bordering on impropriety. Singh v Evans, 118 A.D.3d 1209, 987 N.Y.S.2d 271 (3d Dept. 2014).

The fact that the appellant had a prior violation of probation is also a basis for denying parole release. Velasquez v Travis, 278 A.D.2d 651, 717 N.Y.S.2d 702 (3d Dept 2000); Vasquez v New York State Division of Parole, 215 A.D.2d 856, 626 N.Y.S.2d 332 (3d Dept 1995); People ex rel. Herbert v New York State Board of Parole, 97 A.D.2d 128, 468 N.Y.S.2d 881, 884 (1<sup>st</sup> Dept 1983).

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

**STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

**Inmate Name:** Fabian, Jesus

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**Appeal Control #:** 08-129-18-B

**Findings:** (continued from page 2)

The Board may consider the inmate's prior fleeing the area after the commission of his crime. Larmon v Travis, 14 A.D.3d 960, 787 N.Y.S.2d 918 (3d Dept 2005).

The Board may place particular emphasis upon the nature of the offense. Mullins v New York State Board of Parole, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016). The Board in its discretion properly placed greater emphasis on the present offenses, as it is not required to give equal weight to all requisite factors. Wiley v State of New York Department of Corrections and Community Supervision, 139 A.D.3d 1289, 32 N.Y.S.3d 370 (3d Dept. 2016); Peralta v New York State Board of Parole, 157 A.D.3d 1151, 69 N.Y.S.3d 885 (3d Dept. 2018).

The Board placing particular emphasis on the callous nature of the offense does not demonstrate irrationality bordering on impropriety. Olmosperez v Evans, 114 A.D.3d 1077, 980 N.Y.S.2d 845 (3d Dept. 2014).

The Board could consider the negative recommendation of the District Attorney in denying release to parole supervision. Williams v. New York State Board of Parole, 220 A.D.2d 753, 633 N.Y.S.2d 182 (2d Dept 1995); Confoy v New York State Division of Parole, 173 A.D.2d 1014, 569 N.Y.S.2d 846, 847 (3d Dept 1991); Walker v New York State Board of Parole, 218 A.D.2d 891, 630 N.Y.S.2d 417 (3d Dept 1995); Porter v Alexander, 63 A.D.3d 945, 881 N.Y.S.2d 157 (2d Dept. 2009); Applegate v New York State Board of Parole, 164 A.D.3d 996, 82 N.Y.S.3d 240 (3d Dept. 2018).

The Board may cite the failure of the inmate to acknowledge the impact of the criminal conduct on the victim. Gaito v New York State Board of Parole, 238 A.D.2d 634, 655 N.Y.S.2d 692 (3d Dept 1997); Romer v Dennison, 24 A.D.3d 866, 804 N.Y.S.2d 872 (3d Dept. 2005).

The Board may consider the denial of an EEC. Frett v Coughlin, 156 A.D.2d 779, 550 N.Y.S.2d 61 (3d Dept. 1989); Porter v New York State Board of Parole, 282 A.D.2d 843, 722 N.Y.S.2d 922, 923 (3d Dept. 2001); Jarvis v Commissioner of the New York State Department of Correctional Services, 277 A.D.2d 556, 714 N.Y.S.2d 825, 826 (3d Dept. 2000).

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

**STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

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**Findings:** (continued from page 3)

The consideration by the Board of prison disciplinary violations is also appropriate. People ex rel. Henson v Miller, 244 A.D.2d 729, 664 N.Y.S.2d 655 (3d Dept 1997), leave to appeal denied 91 N.Y.2d 809, 670 N.Y.S.2d 403 (1998); Warburton v Department of Correctional Services, 254 A.D.2d 659, 680 N.Y.S.2d 26 (3d Dept 1998), appeal dismissed, leave to appeal denied 92 N.Y.2d 1041, 685 N.Y.S.2d 416 (1999); Betancourt v Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); Bush v Annucci, 148 A.D.3d 1392, 50 N.Y.S.3d 180 (3d Dept. 2017); Perea v Stanford, 149 A.D.3d 1392, 53 N.Y.S.3d 231 (3d Dept. 2017); Mays v Stanford, 150 A.D.3d 1521, 55 N.Y.S.3d 502 (3d Dept. 2017); Gonzalvo v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1021, 56 N.Y.S.3d 896 (3d Dept. 2017); Paniagua v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1018, 56 N.Y.S.3d 894 (3d Dept. 2017); Lewis v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1478, 59 N.Y.S.3d 726 (3d Dept. 2017); Cobb v Stanford, 153 A.D.3d 1500, 59 N.Y.S.3d 915 (3d Dept. 2017); Franza v Stanford, 155 A.D.3d 1291, 65 N.Y.S.3d 252 (3d Dept. 2017); Constant v Stanford, 157 A.D.3d 1175, 67 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2018); Robinson v New York State Board of Parole, 162 A.D.3d 1450, 81 N.Y.S.3d 235 (3d Dept. 2018).

Appellant's COMPAS scores were for the most part poor. The COMPAS can contain negative factors that support the Board's conclusion. Wade v Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1487, 52 N.Y.S.3d 508 (3d Dept. 2017).

Denial of parole due to a need to take more rehabilitative programming is appropriate. Warburton v Department of Correctional Services, 254 A.D.2d 659, 680 N.Y.S.2d 26 (3d Dept 1998), appeal dismissed, leave to appeal denied 92 N.Y.2d 1041, 685 N.Y.S.2d 416 (1999); People ex rel. Justice v Russi, 226 A.D.2d 821, 641 N.Y.S.2d 143, 144 (3d Dept 1996); Odom v Henderson, 57 A.D.2d 710, 395 N.Y.S.2d 533 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1977); Connelly v New York State Division of Parole, 286 A.D.2d 792, 729 N.Y.S.2d 808, 809 (3d Dept 2001), appeal dismissed 97 N.Y.2d 677, 738 N.Y.S.2d 291 (2001).

Denial of parole is neither arbitrary nor capricious when the Parole Board relied on the factors defined by the New York statute. Hodge v Griffin, 2014 WL 2453333(S.D.N.Y. 2014) citing Romer v Travis, 2003 WL 21744079. An arbitrary action is one without sound basis in reason and without regard to the facts. Rationality is what is reviewed under an arbitrary and capricious standard. Hamilton v New York State Division of Parole, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014). An action is arbitrary and capricious when it is taken without sound basis in reason or regard to the facts. Ward v City of Long Beach, 20 N.Y.3d 1042 (2013).

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

**STATEMENT OF APPEALS UNIT FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATION**

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**Findings:** (continued from page 4)

As for a lack of future guidance, there is no due process right to an inmate obtaining a statement as to what he should do to improve his chances for parole in the future. Boothe v Hammock, 605 F.2d 661 (2d Cir. 1979); Watkins v Caldwell, 54 A.D.2d 42, 387 N.Y.S.2d 177 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1976); Freeman v New York State Division of Parole, 21 A.D.3d 1174, 800 N.Y.S.2d 797 (3d Dept 2005); Francis v New York State Division of Parole, 89 A.D.3d 1312, 934 N.Y.S.2d 514 (3d Dept. 2011). There is no legal requirement that a second Parole Board panel must follow the recommendation of a prior Parole Board panel, nor that the same members should constitute both panels. Flores v New York State Board of Parole, 210 A.D.2d 555, 620 N.Y.S.2d 141, 142 (3d Dept 1994).

As for the required three part statutory standard, contrary to appellant's claim, the Board is not required to repeat the language of the statute verbatim. Rather, it need merely insure that sufficient facts are in the decision which comply with the standard-which it has clearly done in this case. The factors cited, which were appellant's callous instant offense, failure to comprehend impact on the victim, fleeing after committing the crime, criminal history and prior probation violations, EEC denial, prison disciplinary record, DA opposition, overall poor COMPAS scores, and need for further programming, show the required statutory findings were in fact made in this case. Language used in the decision which is only semantically different from the statutory language (e.g. continued incarceration serves the community standards) is permissible. James v Chairman of the New York State Division of Parole, 19 A.D.3d 857, 796 N.Y.S.2d 735 (3d Dept. 2005); Miller v New York State Division of Parole, 72 A.D.3d 690, 897 N.Y.S.2d 726 (2d Dept. 2010). Although the Board's determination could have been stated more artfully, this is insufficient to annul the decision. Ek v Travis, 20 A.D.3d 667, 798 N.Y.S.2d 199 (3d Dept 2005). The Board's failure to recite the precise statutory language of the first sentence in support of its conclusion to deny parole release does not undermine its determination. Silvero v Dennison, 28 A.D.3d 859, 811 N.Y.S.2d 822 (3d Dept. 2006); Reed v Evans, 94 A.D.3d 1323, 942 N.Y.S.2d 387 (3d Dept. 2012); Mullins v New York State Board of Parole, 136 A.D.3d 1141, 25 N.Y.S.3d 698 (3d Dept. 2016).

The Board may deny parole release without the existence of any aggravating factors, no matter how exemplary the institutional record is. Hamilton v New York State Division of Parole, 119 A.D.3d 1268, 1272, 990 N.Y.S.2d 714 (3d Dept. 2014).

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

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**Findings:** (continued from page 5)

A claim that the denial of parole release amounted to a resentencing is without merit. Kalwasinski v Patterson, 80 A.D.3d 1065, 915 N.Y.S.2d 715 (3d Dept. 2011) lv.app.den. 16 N.Y.3d 710, 922 N.Y.S.2d 273 (2011); Marnell v Dennison, 35 A.D.3d 995, 824 N.Y.S.2d 812 (3d Dept. 2006) lv.den. 8 N.Y.3d 807, 833 N.Y.S.2d 426; Murray v Evans, 83 A.D.3d 1320, 920 N.Y.S.2d 745 (3d Dept. 2011); Gonzalez v Chair, New York State Board of Parole, 72 A.D.3d 1368, 898 N.Y.S.2d 737 (3d Dept. 2010); Borcsok v New York State Division of Parole, 34 A.D.3d 961, 823 N.Y.S.2d 310 (3d Dept. 2006) lv.den. 8 N.Y.3d 803, 830 N.Y.S.2d 699. The Board was vested with discretion to determine whether release was appropriate, notwithstanding what the minimum period of incarceration which was set by the Court. Cody v Dennison, 33 A.D.3d 1141, 1142 (3d Dept. 2006), lv.den. 8 N.Y.3d 2007; Burress v Dennison, 37 A.D.3d 930, 829 N.Y.S.2d 283 (3d Dept. 2007).

The Board set forth in adequate detail the reasons for its denial of the inmate's request for release. Burress v Evans, 107 A.D.3d 1216, 967 N.Y.S.2d 486 (3d Dept. 2013). The written Board decision in this case contains sufficient detail. McLain v New York State Division of Parole, 204 A.D.2d 456, 611 N.Y.S.2d 629 (2d Dept 1994); Walker v Russi, 176 A.D.2d 1185, 576 N.Y.S.2d 51 (3d Dept 1991), appeal dismissed 79 N.Y.2d 897, 581 N.Y.S.2d 660 (1992); Thomas v Superintendent of Arthur Kill Correctional Facility, 124 A.D.2d 848, 508 N.Y.S.2d 564 (2d Dept 1986), appeal dismissed 69 N.Y.2d 611, 517 N.Y.S.2d 1025 (1987); De la Cruz v Annucci, 122 A.D.3d 1413, 997 N.Y.S.2d 872 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 2014); Betancourt v Stanford, 148 A.D.3d 1497, 49 N.Y.S.3d 315 (3d Dept. 2017); Robinson v New York State Board of Parole, 162 A.D.3d 1450, 81 N.Y.S.3d 235 (3d Dept. 2018); Applegate v New York State Board of Parole, 164 A.D.3d 996, 82 N.Y.S.3d 240 (3d Dept. 2018).

Since the Board's decision was sufficiently detailed to inform the inmate of the reasons for the denial of parole, it satisfied the criteria set out in section 259-i of the Executive Law. Siao-Pao v Dennison, 11 N.Y.3d 777, 866 N.Y.S.2d 602 (Ct. App. 2008); Matter of Whitehead v. Russi, 201 A.D.2d 825, 607 N.Y.S.2d 751 (3d Dept. 1993); Matter of Green v. New York State Division of Parole, 199 A.D.2d 677, 605 N.Y.S.2d 148 (3d Dept. 1993).



STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

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**Findings:** (continued from page 6)

Moreover, the reasons stated by the Parole Board members for holding appellant are sufficient grounds to support their decision. People ex rel. Yates v. Walters, 111 A.D.2d 839, 490 N.Y.S.2d 573 (2d Dept. 1985); Matter of Ganci v Hammock, 99 A.D.2d 546, 471 N.Y.S.2d 630 (2d Dept. 1984); Matter of Vuksanaj v. Hammock, 93 A.D.2d 958, 463 N.Y.S.2d 61 (3d Dept. 1983); Matter of Pina v. Hammock, 89 A.D.2d 799, 453 N.Y.S.2d 479 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept. 1982). Since the Board's challenged decision was made in accordance with the pertinent statutory requirements, it exercised proper discretion in denying appellant early release on parole. In the Matter of Hawkins v. Travis, 259 A.D.2d 813, 686 N.Y.S.2d 198 (3d Dept. 1999), app. dismiss. 93 N.Y.2d 1033, 697 N.Y.S.2d 556 (1999); Matter of Barrett v. New York State Division of Parole, 242 A.D.2d 763, 661 N.Y.S.2d 857 (3d Dept. 1997).

Appellant's second claim is no record was made of the Board's deliberations, in violation of the due process clause of the constitution.

In response, there is no legal requirement that internal deliberations of the Board be on the record. Borcsok v New York State Division of Parole, 34 A.D.3d 961, 962 (3d Dept. 2006). Matter of Collins v Hammock, 96 A.D.2d 733, 465 N.Y.S.2d 84, 85 (4<sup>th</sup> Dept 1983); Matter of Dow v Hammock, 118 Misc.2d 462, 460 N.Y.S.2d 731, 733; Barnes v New York State Division of Parole, 53 A.D.3d 1012, 862 N.Y.S.2d 639 (3d Dept. 2008).

Appellant's final claim is the Board failed to comply with the 2011 amendments to the Executive Law in that no TAP was done, and the COMPAS had errors on it.

In response, appellant's claim that the Board failed to comply with the 2011 amendments to the Executive Law is rejected. Dolan v New York State Board of Parole, 122 A.D.3d 1058, 995 N.Y.S.2d 850 (3d Dept. 2014); Tran v Evans, 126 A.D.3d 1196, 3 N.Y.S.3d 633 (3d Dept. 2015); Bocadisi v Stanford, 133 A.D.3d 1169, 20 N.Y.S.3d 477 (3d Dept. 2015).

A TAP was done as the Case Plan is the TAP.

STATE OF NEW YORK - BOARD OF PAROLE

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**Appeal Control #:** 08-129-18-B

**Findings:** (continued from page 7)

Appellant failed to raise the issue of alleged erroneous information in the COMPAS during the interview, thereby waiving the matter. Matter of Shaffer v. Leonardo, 179 A.D.2d 980, 579 N.Y.S.2d 910 (3d Dept. 1992); Boddie v New York State Division of Parole, 288 F.Supp.2d 431 (S.D.N.Y. 2003). If the inmate was given a chance to discuss the matter at the interview and didn't mention it, the issue is without merit. Matter of Mercer v New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision, Index # 5872-13, *Decision/Order/Judgment* dated April 7, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(Ceresia J.S.C.); Matter of Cox v Stanford, Index # 228-14, *Decision and Order* dated June 17, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(McGrath J.S.C.). If the inmate fails to raise the issue of alleged COMPAS error at the interview, and the matter could have been corrected then, the issue is waived. Matter of Cox v Stanford, Index # 228-14, *Decision and Order* dated April 18, 2014 (Sup. Ct. Albany Co.)(McGrath J.S.C.).

**Recommendation:**

Accordingly, it is recommended the decision of the Board be affirmed.